FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING JR.

FILE NUMBER: 100-106670

SECTION: 59



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

MAIN FILE

100-106670

SECTION 59



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BURDAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Riply, Please Lafer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois July 46, 1936

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MARCH AND RALLY, JULY 31, 1966, HARVEY, ILLINOIS, FEATURING MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to memorandum dated June 29, 1988, at Chicago, Illinois, captioned as above.

advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that captioned rally had been cancelled.

indicated that the principal speaker at this fally was to have been Dr. Martin Luther King or a representative of his Southern Christian Leadership Conference staff. Others invited to speak were Dr. Ralph Abornathy, Vice-President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference; Al Raby of the Coordinating Committee of Community Organizations Indicated that it was anticipated that a crowd of some 5,000 persons would have attended.

call off the rally was made as a result of the recent rioling on Chicago's west side, and no date has been set for rescheduling of this rally, and it is not an lipated that such a rally will be held in the near future.

This document contains norther recommendations nor conclusions of the FB1. It is the property of the FB1 and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

MARCH AND RALLY, JULY 81, 1900, HARVLY, ILLINOIS, FLATURING MARTIN LUTHLE KING, JR.

A copy of this memorandum is being provided to the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

Information concerning the cancelling of the rally and march has been provided to the following agencies:

Region I, 113th INTO Group
Evansion, Illinois

Illinois State Polico
Biue Island, Illinois

Police
Chicago Meights, Illinois

U. S. Secret S. vice
Chicago, Illinois.

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Special Agent in Charge

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CG 157-1201

The caption is being carrid as above due to the general intermining of several civil rights groups involved in the interminion efforts in Cage Park utilizing the title of the CLM, however, generally under the recognized leader-ship of the NULC.

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A copy of this letterhead memorandum is being furnished the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago.



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois July 26, 1936

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DATE 1- 15-81 BYS PYJOMINA

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DUMONSTANTIONS BY CHICAGO PREEDOM NOVELLUT (CPM) - SOUTHDERN CHRISTIAN LMADDAMMIP CORPERENCE (SCLC) GAGD PARK ARMA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RACIAL MATTER

Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Dereau of Investigation on July 25, 1936, that his department had received word from the 5th District of the Chicago Police Department that on July 24, 1955, the South Side Action Complete hold a motorcade to the vicinity of 55th and Nockwell Streets, Chicago, Illinois, then proceeded with a march to Saint Gall Church at 55th and Kedzie Streets, Chicago, Illinois, where they hold a vigil at 3:00 m.m. this date to further integration efforts in this area.

** mation reflected that a group of approximately 100 persons, 85 percent Negro and 15 percent white, participated in this march and vigil. An outdoor prayer meeting was conducted in front of the church before they returned to where they had parked their automobiles at Rockwell Street. A police guard had been

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100-106670-

DEFENDANCIONS DY CHICACO YMDROOM MODELLE (CAM) - SCOTALAN CERTSTIAN INTERNATION CONFERNCE (SCIC) GAGO PANG ARGA, CATCACO, INTINOIS

placed of these parked vehicles to prevent vandalism in this all white neighborhood during the maxehers absence. According to Holliger, there were no disturbances in connection with this vigil and no arrests reported.

The following individuals were subsequently advised of the above information:

Illimois;

United States Secret Service, Chicago,

67(4)

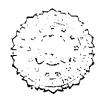
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Region I, 113th INTO Group, Evanston,

A copy of this memorandum is being surmished to the office of the United States Attorney, Chicago.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago 157-1261

1-14-81

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DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated July 15, 1966, under this caption.

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Investigation Office during the evening of July 16, 1966, that on this date no representatives of the CFM - SCLC had appeared at Gage Park, Chicago. He stated, however, that a mixed group of approximately 150, both Negro and white, had appeared at Marquette Park, Chicago, during the hours of one to six p.m. Marquette Park is located Scuthwest of the Gage Park area, in the general vicinity of 67th Street and Kedzie Avenue (3200 West), Chicago. Brown advised that the Police Department on the scene had felt certain that this group was representative of the CFM - SCLC, although no prominent or well-known civil rights figures were observed to be present. This group utilized all park facilities, departed peacefully and there were no incidents or arrest during the afternoon.

reflected that this group plans to visit (b) churches in the Gage Park area on Sunday, July 17, 1966, with a prayer vigil and possible march scheduled for that afternoon, the march understood to be led by MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., President, SCLC.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE 161-16660-

advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on the evening of July 17, 1966, that a prayer vigil was held Sunday afternoon in the Gage Park area by approximately 150 representatives of the CFM - SCLC. He advised that no arrest had occurred in connection with this matter, that there had been no march in the area and that Dr. King had not been present in connection with the prayer vigil.

The pertinent portions of the above information were furnished on July 16, and 17, 1966, to representatives of Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois, and to Secret Service, Chicago. A copy of this memorandum is being provided to the office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

In connection with the prayer vigil held July 17, 1966, in the Gage Park neighborhood on Chicago's South side, an article appeared in the July 18, 1966, edition of the "Chicago Sun Times," a daily Chicago newspaper. The article noted that some 200 white and Negro civil rights demonstrators were jeered and taunted Sunday by 50 white teenagers at a South side prayer vigil. The prayer vigil was held at 55th and Kedzie, Chicago, location of the St. Gall Roman Catholic Church. The demonstrators were described as part of the action program, developed by the Chicago Freedom Movement, following the July 10, 1966, Freedom Rally at Chicago's Soldier Field, with Chicago's Gage Park area having been chosen as an initial target for testing of alleged racial barriers in Chicago.

The marchers sang and prayed while white youths greeted them with shouts of "go talk to the police captain who got shot in the back," and "why don't you go down to 12th Street where you can do some good," these remarks in reference to the rioting which took place on Chicago's West side during the past week.

After the prayer vigil at St. Gall, the group returned to the area of 55th and Rockwell Street (2600 West) where they dispersed without further incident. This vigil had been preceded, according to this article, by an action program on Saturday in Marquette Park, where approximately 120 persons, mostly Negro, picniced during the hours of 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. At this park, used only by whites before that date, the article noted that some whites had joined the picnickers in sport's activities, this according to Reverend Jesse Jackson, associated here with the Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

1 Ci... 19 7, 15/88 DECLASSIFICATIO Type in plaintext or code) Agency-G-2,-ONI-OSI-CRD DIRECTOR, FBI How Forw. SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261) By TRUM DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM SUBJECT: MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RMRe Chicago teletypes dated 7/14, and 15, 1986, captioned as above and MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM-C. Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies of a self-explanator letterhead memorandum and two copies for Atlanta, concerning the Chicago is following and will advise the Engeau of pertinent devalopments. The caption is being carried as above due to the general intermining of various Civil Rights Groups involved in the integration efforts in Gage Park utilizing the title of the CFM, however, generally under the recognized leadership of the SCLC. 100-166K ਰੱਕਦਾ (Encls. 13) (ਇਸਾ) COMINFIL - SQ -- 100-438794 MARYIN LUTHER - 100-106670 Aulanta (Encls. 2) NOT RECORDED COMINFIL - SCLC) (1 - 100 - 5718)MARTIN LUTHER KING, 22. 100 JUL 25 1966 100 x Karpyll Hm Chicago -157-413**-** 105-16238) 103-35356)

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UP TED STATES DEPARTMENT OF SUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CG 157-1261

Chicago, Illinois July 15, 1966 MERRON OF THE BY SPYLIMINE COOPLE

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum of July 14, 1966, captioned as above.

A confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FEI) on July 14, 1966, that between the hours of 4 p.m. and 5 p.m. on this date about 100 persons, both Negro and White, held a meeting at the New Friendship Baptist Church located at 844 West 71st Street in Chicago, Illinois. This meeting was led by Reverend James Bevel and Jesse Jackson who are associated with the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC). This meeting consisted of a discussion on ways and means of integrating the general area of Gage Park, in Chicago, Illinois.

This source further advised that at 5 p.m. on this date the group departed the New Friendship Baptist Church and proceeded to the Mark Realty Company located at 3018 West 63rd Street, in Chicago, Illinois. While at this realty company the group registered a complaint by this realty company's past refusal to serve Negroes, and thereafter left peacefully and proceeded to Marquette Park located at 67th Street and South Kedzie Avenue. While in Marquette Park the group proceeded to play ball, the purpose of which was to protest integration conditions in this area.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

160-16670

ENCLOSURE

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RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCL (SCLC) GAGE PARK ARDA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

This source advised the group then proceeded to the Soltes Realty Company, located at 3534 South Kedzie, Chicago, Illinois, which office closed. Leaders of this group then announced that a meeting would be held this evening at the New Friendship Baptist Church to discuss further plans concerning the integration of the Gage Park area and further activities of this group.

On July 14, 1966

Chicago Division of the FBI that the above demonstration at all locations was peaceful and that there were no incidents or arrests.

On July 14, 1966, a second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that this group held a meeting as planned in the New Friendship Baptist Church at approximately, 7:30 p.m. of this date. This meeting was led by Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., President, of the SCLC. King talked in general on the integration problems in Chicago, Illinois, and stated at this meeting that Chicago must be an open city to Negroes and that this open city must be obtained through non-violence. Approximately 1000 persons were present at this meeting at which meeting it was announced that this group would shop in the general Gage Park neighborhood on July 16, 1966, and would hold a picnic on July 16, 1966, in the general location of the Gage Park neighborhood. It was also announced at this meeting that on July 17, 1966, representatives of the Chicago Freedom Movement would visit churches in the Gage Park neighborhood and would thereafter hold a prayer vigil in Gage Park. 67(D)

On July 15 1966

advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the above mentioned meeting was peaceful and that there were no incidents or arrests.

The following individuals were subsequently advised of the above:

Special Agent

Region I, 113th INTC

Group, Evanston, Illinois;
Chicago, Illinois.

A copy of this memorandum is being provided to the Office of the United States Attorney.

F B I

7/14/66 Date: Transmit the following in . (Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL (Priority. DIRECTOR, FBI (100_438794) TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194) FROM: COMINFIL SCLO SUBJECT: IS-C ATLANTA) (00: There are enclosed for the Bureau ten copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) containing information furnished by on 7/12/66, concerning a conversation P(s) between STANLEY LEVISON and MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr. was in Chicago and initiated the contact. **b**(1) A copy of this IHM is being furnished to the Chicago Office for its information. 4-Bureau (Encl. 10) (RM) (1- 100-106670) (M. L. KING) 2-Atlanta (100-5718) 1066 100. (1- 100-5586) (M. Î 小KING) Y (INFO) 1-Chicago (100-1-New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42) 1-New York (100-136585) (M. L. KING) NOT RECORDED 183 JUL 21 1966 1-New York (41) Classified by 108 Co Exempt from GDS, Cotegory JFO'C:tms Date of Declassification In definite (11) 1.5 1966 DEPT: 1SD, HOW FORW: Special Agent in Charge



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U. ITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF USTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
July 14, 1966

File No.

Bufile 100-4307.4



Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCIC) Internal Security - C

On July 12, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, learned that on that date, Martin Luther King, Jr. and Stanley Levison discussed the Freedom Movement rally held in Soldier Field, Chicago, Illinois on July 10, 1966. King stated that the rally was attended by 60,000 people although the police estimate was 30,000. Both King and Levison felt the rally went well.

King said that he wanted to discuss with Levison the starting of the "Action Program", noting that, as usual, they are confronted by financial problems. He added that he is convinced that there is money to be obtained in Chicago, that it is just a matter of organizing. He felt that most of the churches there would support them as well as social clubs. He said that they firmly believe there is \$50,000 to be obtained in Chicago if they organize to get it. King remarked that there is a lot of money in the white community which they have not "tapped" and that these people would give if you could get to them.

King told Levison that he was thinking about getting Bill Stein (an SCIC fund-raiser in New York) to spend a month to six weeks in Chicago organizing a fund-drive (among the churches). He said that if situations are sewhere Stein needed a front-man they could provide a Negro for it. Levison inquired if King could get a Negro preacher

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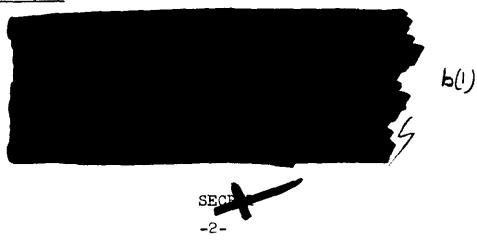
Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference

to work with Stein adding that Stein could do the job and would, he believes, be happy to go to Chicago for this purpose.

Levison commented that it is necessary to raise the money in Chicago because they (the SCLC) cannot make an appeal somewhere else for Chicago. He said the attitude would be that they (the SCLC) could raise it in Chicago, that there are churches there. Levison continued that he would discuss it with Stein, that he does not see why it cannot be done. Levison noted, however, that it meant rearranging the plans he had. He said he wanted Stein to work on a dialogue for foundations (Levison's hope to raise funds from foundations) and that they already had drawn up a prospectus. He added that he would have to take this over himself and handle the foundations.

King inquired if Levison could work on this and get it to Chicago by Monday (July 18, 1966). Levison said it could not be done that way because, in dealing with foundations, it is necessary to make appointments with the directors at their convenience. He said he had wanted Stein to meet with them. Levison stated that he believes that foundations are now the places to go and that he cannot think of any other source today that should be more interested in the balanced approaches as possible.

Stanley Levison



(G IN IN COMPANY) (3)



Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference



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UNLED STATES DEPARTMENT OF . STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

> Chicago, Illinois July 13, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS THICLASSIFIED DATE 1-14-81 BYSPYJMM

ry of 6076

DISTURBANCE, VICINITY OF ROOSEVELT ROAD AND THROOP STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS JULY 12, 1966

At 8:15 PM. July 12, 1966,

b7(c)

Chicago Police Department. advised the Chicago receral Bureau of Investigation office that a disturbance was then in progress in the vicinity of Roosevelt Road and Throop Street, Chicago, generally in an area of approximately 1200 south between Racine Avenue, 1200 west, and Ashland Avenue, 1600 west, on the near southwest side. This disturbance had erupted on the occasion of the closing by officers from the Chicago Police Department's 12th District of an illegally opened fire hydrant at the intersection of Throop and Roosevelt, where neighborhood youths were utilizing the hydrant due to the extremely hot weather. The youths objected to this closing by the police squad car involved, became unruly and when the police officers attempted to arrest several youths involved, a neighborhood crowd began to gather, commenced harrassing and stoning the police officers, who then called for assistance. With the arrival of police reinforcements, seven Negro youths, all minors, were taken into custody by the Police Department and removed to the 12th District station.

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> > 100-106671

ENCLOSURE

As a result of these arrests the crowd in the neighborhood had continued to grow in size, became disorderly, with some present beginning to smash store windows and loot stores, this in the vicinity of Roosevelt and Throop, and subsequently at a shopping center at 1300 West Racine Avenue, in this immediate area.

Chicago b7(c)

Police Department, advised at 8:35 PM that the disturbance in this area was continuing with numerous reports being received by the 12th District of looting, window breakage and individual acts of vandalism in the general area of Throop Street and Roosevelt Road. The crowds were becoming increasingly unruly and had begun widespread stoning of police and other vehicles in the area, particularly those with white occupants. As a result of this stoning, several injuries had been reported. Reports were now rampant in the area of the disturbance that molotov cocktails would be utilized by the crowd, then generally milling about the disturbance area for several blocks in various directions. Police reinforcements were being called into the area with Plan 6 having been put into effect, calling for the maximum usage of available police manpower in an emergency situation.

A confidential source, who has not been contacted a sufficient number of times to determine his reliability but who is knowledgeable regarding the general west side area of the disturbance, advised at approximately 10:00 PM July 12, 1966, that he had visited the area of the disturbance then in progress. He advised that he had learned that one of the reasons for the gathering of the large crowds here, and the general unrest, was because of rumors circulating the general area that a number of the Negro youths originally arrested during the water hydrant incident had been beaten by Chicago police officers of the 12th District. The source advised that he had no knowledge as to the veracity of these rumors, however, attempts were being made by representatives of the community groups in the area to get those arrested released so the rumors could be effectively squelched. These attempts were unsuccessful to the source's knowledge at this point.

advised at 10:30 PM that at this point the Chicago Police Department had approximately 80 units in the disturbance area, attempting to cope with the sporatic outbursts of looting, window breaking and occasional use of molotov cocktails, all prevalent in this area. The Police Department had on hand at this point in excess of 300 police officers attempting to control this situation.

b7(c)

At 11:00 PM advised that representatives of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) were in the general area of the disturbance attempting to calm the crowd and restore order. He advised that Dr. Lartin Luther King, Jr., Reverand James Bevel and others associated with the SCLC had been at a neighborhood church meeting near the area where the disturbance had arisen and on learning of the disorder had advised police authorities in the area that they would exercise every effort to assist in the dispersing of the crowd and calming the neighborhood. advised that the situation at this point, however, was such that commanding police officials on the scene were considering a request for use of heavy equipment, shotguns and tear gas to be utilized in controlling the advised that the disturbances continued to appear to be aimless in direction, with most participants being teenagers, with sporadic outbursts of vandalism, damage to property, stoning of cars, and crowds of several hundreds milling about the general He advised that several youths had been arrested in possession of molotov cocktails with one police squad car having been struck by two of these inflamatory devices. The resultant flames had been extinguished by the officers occupying the squad car before any extensive damage had The individuals responsible for this particular resulted.

At 1:30 AM. July 13. 1966.

Police Department in the area embracing the disturbance, advised that the entire area was now considerably quieter with police officers using sweeping tactics in an attempt to clear the streets. Large numbers of people continued to remain in the area but the vandalism, looting and window breaking had been halted and the situation was considered to be under control by the Police Department. General traffic in the area continued to be diverted and the Police Department continued to employ some 50 mobile units in the area.

act had not been apprehended.

At 3:30 AM advised the area was now calm, the streets were clear and the Police Department had released emergency forces called to control the disturbance. Officers from the 12th District continued to afford the area extra coverage to avoid a renewal of distorder and were answering more than the normal number of burglar alarms, this primarily the result of broken windows in stores in the general area.

67(C)

As of 8:00 AM, July 13, 1966, advised that the disturbance area continued to be quiet with no additional vandalism, incidents or disorders having occurred during the early morning hours. Broken windows in the area have been boarded up, however, there is no comprehensive damage estimate available at this time and the number of possible injuries to civilians and persons passing through the area was not completely known. Preliminary reports ---b7(c) have indicated, however, according to that which less looting took place than had been believed. advised that during the early morning hours of this date a Chicago police officer had been wounded in the left wrist apparently by a gunshot, from an unknown assailant while patrolling along Roosevelt Road in the disturbance area. The officer had been treated in a nearby hospital and was not in serious condition. was unaware of any other serious injuries to Police Department personnel as a result of the disturbance.

continued that the disturbance area will continue to receive special attention from the Chicago Police Department in order to preclude any further violence. He advised, however, that with the tension obviously running so high in the disturbance area, together with the continued extremely hot weather, he feels further trouble must be considered a definite possibility.

Chicago Police Department, attached to the Corporation counsel's Office, Chicago, advised on July 13, 1966, that the best available Police Department records concerning arrests for the previous evening reflected the following individuals had been taken into custody:

disorderly and resisting arrest disorderly and resisting arrest disorderly and resisting arrest

disorderly and resisting arrest disorderly and resisting arrest disorderly and resisting arrest

b7(c)

advised that these individuals, all young Negro males, address not available, had been released at approximately midnight in an attempt on the part of the Police Department to calm the situation.

a charge of possession of molotov cocktails, and had been arrested as a suspected looter.

advised that additional individuals who had been arrested during the course of the evening's disturbance on disorderly charges were as follows:



These individuals had all been released at approximately 4:00 AM from the 12th District police station when no City officials or police authorities had appeared to sign complaints against them by that time.

Additionally arrested early during the evening of July 12, 1966, was
Chicago, on charges of obstructing a police officer and dis- 67(c) orderly conduct.

was suspected of being one of the initiaters of this incruent through his appeal to individuals in the vicinity of Roosevelt Road and Throop Street, Chicago, concerning the police treatment of young Negroes involved in the water hydrant incident.

It might be noted in this connection that the "Chicago Tribune," a daily Chicago newspaper, in an article concerning this disturbance quoted the two police officers involved in the turning off of the water hydrant at 1233 by South Throop Street during the evening of July 12, 1966, to the effect that had immediately stepped

up to the water hydrant and reopened it. When they had attempted to place him under arrest he had turned to the gathering crowd and shouted, "You're not going to let these policemen arrest me? Why don't you do something about it?"

Records of the Chicago FBI Office, based on available information, contain no information identifiable with

Pertinent portions of the above information have been provided the following, as they occurred.

Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois

67(c)

Chicago

Secret Service, Chicago

Office of United States Attorney,

A copy of this memorandum is being provided the Office of United States Attorney, Chicago.

RE:

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1135

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. NELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUCLER 76-1186

Serial 2544 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

Transmit the following in . (Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL FEMALIA DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670) TO SAC, CHICAGO (100-35356) FROM MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. SUBJECT: Re Chicago airtel and LHM, 6/8/66, dual captioned as above, and AUBREY JAMES NORVELL; JAMES HOWARD MEREDITH -VICTIM, CR-EL; CRA, 1965; and Chicago tels 6/9, 10, and 12/66. Enclosed for the Bureau are 11, for Atlanta 3, for Jackson and Memphis one each, of a self-explanatory LHM pertaining to the above. 6)- Bureau (Encls. 11)ENCIA (1 - 100-438794) (Cominfil - SCLC) (1 - 157-) (Involvement of Negro Youth Chicago Freedom Movement.) (1 - 157-) (Planned Civil Rights March from Soldier's Field to City Hall, Chicago, to be Lead by MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) 3 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Encls. 3) (RM) (1 - 100-5718) (Cominfil SCLC) 1 - Jackson (44-1723) (Epcl. 1) (RM) (Info) 1 - Memphis (44-) (AUBREY JAMES WORVELL; JAMES HOWARD MEREDITH - VICTILI) (Encl. 1) (RM) (Info) 5 - Chicago REC- 81 166 - 1066 (10 - 2593 (1 - 107-403)(1 - 103-16230) (Countries Signo) - 137-1123) ACSI, ONI, OSI; SEC. SERA VINSON 16 1966
W: In CC PAGE FROM JUN 16 1966 JCS:MLB DATE FORW: (16)HOW FORW: C G. Wick Approved: . An Chargelass. & EXT. BY 9803 RC REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2

DATE OF REVIEW /0 - /4

Randles

In reference to communication from the Charlotte Office concerning Threat to Kill MARTIN LUTHER KING by JAMES WILLIAM "CATFISH" COLE, Kinston, North Carolina, 6/10/66, pertinent information in this matter has been springly by the Chicago Office, as of 6/10/66, to the following:

Win 19

Human Relations Unit Chicago Police Department

Region I, 113th INTC Group Chicago

Secret Service, Chicago

AUSA J. J. MC DONNELL

b7(c)

11th District Chicago Police Department

Illinois State Police
Blue Island, Illinois Barracks





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois June //, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

67(D)

advised the Chicago Office of the rederal Bureau of Investigation on June 9, 1966, that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) arrived in Chicago, at O'Hare International Airport, at approximately 10:12 PM on this date, via Delta Airlines Flight 762, from Memphis, Tennessee.

advised that King arrived from Memphis, participating there in the Voter's Registration March in progress from Memphis to Jackson, Mississippi, returning to Chicago in this instance for an anticipated 2-3 day stay to coordinate local SCLC activities. King was met at O'Hare Airport by Albert Raby, Head of the Coordinating Council on Community Organizations (CCCO), which organization is affiliated here with the SCLC. At present there was no information available to O'Malley concerning King's activities during this stay in Chicago.

On June 10, 1966

advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Office, concerning King's activities here, that on the evening of this

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9803/ab 11-15-79

MOLOSULL

160-116170-1

date King was to appear at a SCLC Rally being held at the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, which rally was for the purpose of raising funds to send an as yet undetermined number of bus loads of demonstrators from Chicago to Mississippi, to support the Voter's Registration March in progress there. On June 11, 1966, King is to participate in a SCLC Workshop to be held at Chicago's Sheraton Hotel, revolving around the participation of Chicago Negro youth and street gangs in the SCLC freedom movement here. Space has been reserved at the Sheraton Hotel for this workshop by the Unitarian-Universalist Church, <u>Midwest Region</u> Office, continued that b7(D) 5711 South Woodlawn Avenue, Chicago. during the day of June 11, 1966, King is to appear at a luncheon sponsored by the Midwest Regional United Automobile Workers Union, where WALTER REUTHER, UAW President, is also to be a speaker. concluded that although no specific departure time for King from Chicago has been established, the Chicago Police Department is assuming that King will depart Chicago, most probably for Memphis, Fennessee, during the evening hours of June 11, 1966.

Concerning the above activities of King, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on June 11, 1966, that King did not appear as scheduled at the June 10, 1966, fund raising rally at the Warren Avenue Congregational Church. The source advised that King is in Chicago at the present time, however, it was determined that during the evening hours of June 10, 1366, he was detained at another appointment, place or nature unknown, and was unable to appear at this affair.

b7(D)

on June 13 1936, advised that information only recently available to his Unit reflects that caring the morning hours of June 11, 1966, King and a number os his SCLC aides, together with CCCO representatives met at the Corpus Christi Church, 4926 South Parkway, Chicago. Attais meeting the decision had been made to postpone the June 26, 1966, mass rally planned for Chicago by King and the SCLC, the rally now scheduled to take place July 10, 1966. No additional changes were made in the plans for this rally as to content and organization, however, it was felt that because of the pressure built up during the past week of events in Mississippi, surrounding the shooting there of James Meredith, such a postponement was necessary.

Cancerning the June 11, 1966, appearance of King at the UAW luncheon, LaSalle Hotel, Chicago, an article in the June 12, 1966, edition of the "Chicago Tribune" a daily Chicago newspaper, contained in statisty the following information:

King and Routher were the principle speakers at the Region 4, UAW affair, both commenting on the similarity between the labor and civil rights movements in this country. Reuther called upon his union to help build "the great society" by raising human rights above property rights. King stated that the civil rights and labor movements are inextricably bound together, and that the forces which are anti-labor are in almost all cases also anti-negro. He preised the UAW for "embodying principles of civil rights", noting that many of the foremost civil rights weapons, such as the sit-in, the picket line, and the demonstrations are being used in the civil rights movement because of the past successes unions have had with these tactics. King announced further that the proposed civil rights freedom rally, which was to have been held at Soldier's Field, followed by a march on Chicago's City Hall, on June 26, 1966, has been postponed to July 10, 1966. He commented in this connection that the parch presently being held in Mississippi takes precedence over all other events in the civil rights movement.

Further concerning the postponement of the June 26, 1966, rally and march in Chiago an article in the June 12, 1966, edition of the "Chicago Sun Times" specifically related to this matter. King was quoted as having stated as follows: "The cowardly attempt on the life of James Meredith has created a national emergency, which has focused our immediate energies on Mississippi. This in no way diminishes our effort to end the slums in Chicagowhich is an extension of Mississippi. In Mississippi; Negro civil rights workers are physically lynched ormis-treated. In Chicago, Regros are spiritually murdered and mis-treated." King added that it has always been basic to the civil rights movement to meet an act of violence with an immediate massive display of non-violent direct action.

In connection with the June 11, 1966, SCLC Workshop at the Sheraton Hotel in Chicago, the June 12, 1966, edition of the "Chicago Sun Times" contained an article entitled "Gang Leaders Asked to Join King's Movement Rere". The article in summary set forth the following:

On Saturday, June 11, 1966, King collect upon approximately 50 leaders of Chicago street gangs to "organize together" with the civil rights group, the SCLC, to fight poverty, slums, "and the power structure that rakes them possible". The gang leaders had gathered together for a "first annual gangs convention". A picture of an unjust society was painted for these gang leaders, who were asked to join together to fight those evils non-violently. Chief among the evils detailed for them were those of minus, poverty, and police brutality.

Among some of the gangs represent the "Vace Lords" from Chinago'. It is do; willing record the age to a langlewood area on the South side; the "Del Vikings" from the side. This side and the "Peacomakers" from Chicago's Morth side. This meeting was coordinated by the Reverend A. R. Sampson, described as one of Dr. King's chief Chicago lieutenable, the is in charge of SCIC's attempt to involve gang members in divil rights activities.

Rangero" have come used, five from southed which has a the Chicago Police Department, who contend that gang we have are being "incited to violence" instead of toling to give the tradeon. Various speakers urged gang members to realize that they are not each others enemy. The real few was "the sout , which was said to include Chicago's Meyor Daley, the Chicago Filice Department, local school administrators, slum landlords, businessmen and the like. It was pointed out that when a case of police brutality or a fatal slum fire takes place "the was on top is as responsible - he is as guilty, as much a crishful - an one of us who outs a blade on someone." Sampson proposed the establishment of a Community of Police Service (COPS) to "pressure the system" for a change in the attitude and approach of the Police Department to the gangs.

The article quoted King as stating to those present "if we are to deal with our problems, we have to get power and power in Chicago is being so well organized that we can get the most powerful political organization in the country to say 'yes' when it wants to say 'no'". King also was noted as having invited all gang members to participate in the July 10, 1966, mass rally and subsequent march on Chicago's City Hall. He stated that the marchers at this time will place a number of demands before Chicago's Mayor Daley for improvements in the city's approach to those minority groups, calling for a "massive Marshall Plan" for Chicago's poor,

During the course of the work- in a liber Training Center, a local cooperative project of ministerial groups, volunteered its services to the gangs, offering to attach workers to each gang to help then in drawing up particularly and incidents.

On June 12, 1966, the Most reflected that Dr. King that information available to his Whit reflected that Dr. King had departed Chicago at approximately 3:15 TV on this date for Atlanta, Georgia, although considered it possible that King might in fact have Memphis, Teamos, to as his ultimate destination. In view of his stated intention of periodically taking part in the Memphis to Jackson Voter's Registration by March.

advised that there had been no incidents or disorders in connection with Dr. King's prosume in Chicago during the period June 9 - 12, 1983.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

-	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
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]	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
כ	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
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_	as the information originated with them. You will

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 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

TIN 1 9 1965

TELETYPE

FBI DETROIT

8:08 PM URGENT 6/19/66 C W H

TO DIRECTOR (100-106670) & ATLANTA (100-5586)

FROM DETROIT (100-31418) 1P

MARTIN LUTHER KINGE, JR., SM - C, OO: ATLANTA.

RE DETROIT CODED TELETYPE SIX EIGHTEEN LAST.

ADVISED FREEDOM RALLY HELD INSTANT DATE AT COBO HALL,

ADVISED MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. WAS PRESENT

AT RALLY AND APPROXIMATELY TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE ATTENDED RALLY. NO

INCIDENTS AND RALLY WAS CONDUCTED IN ORDERLY FASHION.

LHM FOLLOWS.

CORR TITLE SHD BE KING

WA END

WA...NHH

FBI WASH DC

AT. . RDB

FBI ATLANTA

CLRX

SO MIN STINCE MARTIN

SPYJAMWY

REC 44 100 -106670 259

9 JUN 21 1906

Min. Training
Tall., Robb.
Min. L.
Miss Gelly

Giriff M.

A FBI SAN FRAN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 171966

405 PM PAST URGENT 6-17-66 KSJ TELETYPE

TO DIRECTOR (100-106670), ATLANTA (100-5586) AND ST. LOUIS

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (100-51914A)

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM - C.

g Alice

Miss Gandy

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Wick

Mr. Casper..... Mr. Callahan

Mr. Conrad ..

RE BUAIRTEL JUNE THIRTEEN, LAST, AND BUTEL JUNE SEVENTEEN, INSTANT.
SAN FRANCISCO INDICES NEGATIVE RE NATIONAL EMERGENCY COMMITTEE

OF PERSONS CONCERNED ABOUT VIETNAM (NECPCV).

FOLLOWING PERSONS CONTACTED THIS DATE RE RECPCV AT UNIVERSITY

OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY (UCB), WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS:

ADVISED THAT "CAMPUS COMMUNITY FOR SCHEER"

WAS A GROUP OF PROFESSORS WHO HELD RALLY MAY TWENTY, LAST, AT

UCB TO SUPPORT ROBERT SCHEER FOR CONGRESS. SCHEER CANDIDATE AGAINST

CONGRESSMAN JEFFERY COHELAN AND SCHEER'S PLATFORM BASED ON

"GET OUT OF VIETNAM."

SI-10:

REC- 62/00-/06670--

STATED DR. RICHARD C. STROHMAN, ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR OF

ZOOLOGY, UCB, CHAIRMAN OF PROFESSORS SUPPORTING SCHEER.

END

WA...GJG

FBI WASH DC

AT...TA

DATE IN Y-EI EN SPYJIEMIN

6074

FBI ATLANTA,

SL...RP1 7 JUN 27 1968

FBI ST LOUIS OF MR. SULLIVAN

PLA INTEXT

TELETYPE

1 - Mr. Simpson

URGENT

TO SAC SAN FRANCISCO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (100-106670)

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SECURITY MATTER - C

REBUAIRTEL JUNE THIRTERN LAST. SUTEL DOMEDIATELY

REQUESTED INFORMATION.

RDS: $rth^{(3)}$

MIL PUPPOSIAT A SOLITAINED HEREIT OF UNICASSIFIED PATE 1-14-81 BYS PYJRMIM 6076

NOTE:

The National Emergency Committee of Persons Concerned About Vietnam solicited signature of King to a letter which will urge the President to study a paper being prepared by some professors at Berkeley, California, which pertains to Vietnam. Buairtel 6/13/66, requested San Francisco furnish information relative to the paper being prepared and the identity of the committee and individuals behind the publication of the paper.

We now have information that signatures of numerous other persons being obtained and attempts being made to obtain signature of Senator Robert F. Kennedy. The paper is a so-called white paper "The Politics of Escalation" showing error of U. S. policies in Vietnam and reportedly will be presented to President Johnson about 6/26/66.

Teletype necessary since information needed in order to disseminate complete information to White House.

Tolson ————— DeLoach ————	PEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. 8. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
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Callahar ———————————————————————————————————	TELETYPE
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SEC. Jon

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JUN 1 7 1966

FBI SAN FRAN

FBI WASH DC
632 PM EDT URGENT 6-17-66 JXM
TO SAN FRANCISCO
FROM DIRECTOR 100-106670 1P

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SECURITY MATTER + C

REBUAIRTEL JUNE THIRTEEN LAST. SUTEL IMMEDIATELY REQUESTED INFORMATION.

END AND ACK PLS

SF...MS

FBI SAN FRAN

X

HEREIT 1-14-81 SPUJEMINE
6076

COMMONICATIONS SECTION

JUN 15 1969

TELETYP

PYJDMIU

FBI JKN MISS

CST URGENT 6-15-66 CWB

TO: DIRECTOR

FROM: JACKSON (44-1719)

MARCH TO JACKSON. MISS.

REMYTEL JUNE FOURTEEN.

Mr. DeLouch Mr. Mohr Mr. Wick Mr. Casper_ Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad Mr. Pelt. Mr. Gale Mr. Rosse Mr. Bulliven Tels. Room Miss Hulines Miss Gandy_

Mr. Telson

AS SET FORTH IN RE TEL APPROXIMATELY FOUR HUNDRED PERSONS MARCHED FROM COURTHOUSE IN GRENADA. MISS TO NEW HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH ARRIVING THERE IEN SIXIEEN PM JUNE FOURIEEN LAST. WAS FULL WHEN MARCHERS ARRIVED. REV. MARTIN LUTHER KING MADE A BRIEF SPEECH TO THOSE ASSEMBLED URGING THE CONTINUATION OF THE VOTER REGISTRATION DRIVE. IT WAS ESTIMATED THAT APPROXIMATELY ONE THOUSAND PERSONS WERE IN ATTENDANCE AT THIS MEETING. BROKE UP AT ELEVEN PM JUNE FOURTEEN LAST. PARTICIPANTS DISBURSED IN VARIOUS DIRECTIONS AND THERE WAS NO ORGANIZED MARCH BACK TO TENT AREA. PRESS SOURCES ON SCENE STATE THAT WHILE NO DEFINITE INFORMATION GIVEN OUT ALL INDICATIONS ARE THAT MARCH WILL NOT CONTINUE JUNE FIFTEEN. BUT MARCHERS WILL CONCENTRATE ON VOTER REGISTRATION ACTIVITY GRENADA AREA. WITH POSSIBILITY MARCH TO

JACKSON WILL SUTEL SUMMARY END

RESUME JUNE SIXTEEN.

24 1966

NOT RECORDED

183 JUN 20 1966

4-750 (2-7-79)



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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In	nformation pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only				
D -	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to				
_	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated vote advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.				
b	as the information originated v				

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (H.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION EURER 76-1186

Serial 25% pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (H.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 2587 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION EURBER 76-1186

Seria 125% pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.



Mr. Telson. Mr. Delinach Mr. Mohr. ... Mr. Wick ... Mr. Callahan... FBI NEW YORK Mr. Conrad Mr. Felt Mr. Gale ... 339 AM LIRGENT 6-11-66 JAA Mr. Rosen AND ATLANTA AND FIFT (ATLANTA VIA WASHINGTON - ENCODED) Miss Brokers SLIP(S) CF FROM NEW YORK 2 PGS COMINFIL SCLC. (OO-AT). 10) 60) LEARNED JUNE TEN SIXTY SIX THAT HARRY WACHTEL TOLD STANLEY LEVISON THAT HE HEARD FROM DORA (MC DONALD, SECRETARY TO MARTIN KING OF THE SCLC) THAT QUOTE THE LEADER UNQUOTE (KING) WOULD BE IN ATLANTA FOR MONDAY AND NOT SUNDAY, BUT THAT THEY WANT THE MEETING TO BE HELD BEGINNING AT ABOUT TEN AM IN THE MORNING. LEVISON EXPRESSED A PREFERENCE FOR GOING DOWN ON SUNDAY NIGHT RATHER THAN MONDAY MORNING AND WACHTEL SAID LEVISON WOULD LEAVE AT SIX TWENTY FIVE PM. SUNDAY EVENING. FROM NEW YORK VIA DELTA AIRLINES. LEARNED JUNE TEN SIXTY SIX THAT HARRY WACHTEL ALSO TOLD CLARENCE JONES THERE WOULD BE NO SUNDAY MEETING (OF KING AND HIS JONES AND WACHTEL AGREED TO LEAVE NEW YORK FOR ATLANTA ON AN BLASSIFIED AND SPHJRMIN NOT RECORDED REASON FOR EXTEN 183 JUN 15 1966 FCIM/II. 1-2.4.2 JUN 14 1965 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION RELAYED



PAGE TWO

EIGHT AM DELTA FLIGHT ON MONDAY MORNING (JUNE THIRTEEN)

A CHECK WITH DELTA AIRLINES, NEW YORK, REVEALED THAT LEVISON
HAS RESERVATIONS ON DELTA FLIGHT NINE TWO THREE LEAVING NEW YORK
SIX TWENTY FIVE PM, JUNE TWELVE, ARRIVING ATLANTA SEVEN TWENTY
NINE PM. JONES AND WACHTEL HAVE RESERVATIONS ON DELTA FLIGHT NINE ONE
SEVEN, LEAVING NEW YORK EIGHT AM, JUNE THIRTEEN, ARRIVING ATLANTA
NINE THIRTY EIGHT AM. ALL THREE HAVE RESERVATIONS ON DELTA FLIGHT
EIGHT THREE THREE LEAVING ATLANTA EIGHT TEN PM, JUNE THIRTEEN.

WA ACK FOR 6-7-8 RELAYS

WA LRC FOR RELAY 6-7-8

FBI WASH DC



FBI

Date: 6/11/66 Transmit the following in (Type in plain text or code) Via AIRTEL (Priority) TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794) 100-FROM 100-14**9**1**99** SAC, NEW YORK 157-SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC IS-C (OO: Atlanta) MARCH ON JACKSON, MISS., CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY 5043R IN SUPPORT OF JAMES MEREDITH ALT INTOEMATION CONTAINED RACIAL MATTERS PEASON FOR EMPLY FCIM, II. 1-2.4.2 HTT TILL IC UNIT ASSIFIED DATE OF REVIEW FUR TYPEPT WHERE SHOWN ReNYtel dated 6/10/66. DECLASSIFICATION ... L. 1942 OTHERWISE. There are enclosed for the Bureau, ten copies of a letterhead memorandum containing information furnished by and on 6/10/66, relating to the plans of STANLEY LEVISON, CLARENCE JONES and HARRY WACHTEL, to attend a finance meeting of the SCLC on 6/13/66, in Atlanta. 👄 🤲 5-Bureau (100-438794) (Encl. 10) (RM) (1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (MARCH ON JACKSON) (1-157-4-Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 4) (RM) (1-100-5586) (MARTIN L. KING-) (1-157-(MARCH ON JACKSON) 1-Jackson (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM) 1-Memphis (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM) JUN 2 1966 1-New York (100-73250) (LARENCE JONES) (42) 1-New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42) (HARRY WACHTEL) (42) (100-148289) 1-New York 1-New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42) (MARCH ON JACKSON) (42) 1-New York (157-1-New York (100-144184) (42)Classified by JFO: rmv 🔰 🛰 Exempt from GDS. 'n lefinise Date of Declass.

(18)

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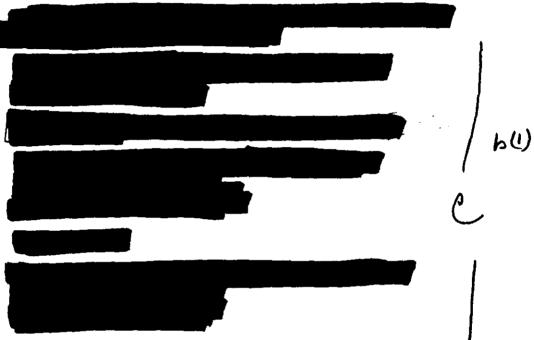
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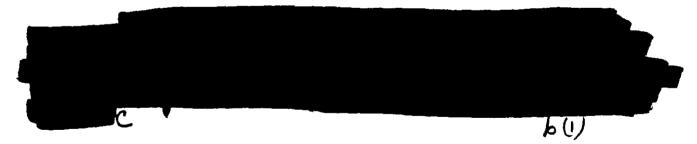
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NY 100-144189 157-





Jackson and Memphis are being furnished copies for their information.









UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to Bu 100-438794 157New York, New York

June14,1966

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GIET ALL.

Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi In Support of James Meredith Racial Matters

On June 10, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, ascertained that Harry Wachtel made arrangements with Stanley Levison to attend an SCLC meeting in Atlanta, Georgia, on June 13, 1966. Wachtel told Levison that he had heard from Dora (Mc Donald, Secretary to Martin Luther King, head of the SCLC) that King would be coming back from Mississippi very late (on Sunday, June 12) and that "they" want the meeting to be held beginning on Monday morning. Levison stated he preferred to leave Sunday night, June 12, and they agreed he would take the 6:25 p.m. Delta Airlines flight to Atlanta. Wachtel said he would leave on Monday morning.

> This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPPIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVICED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Pla



Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi In Support of James Meredith Racial Matters

This source also ascertained on June 10, 1965, that, on that date, Clarence Jones and Stanley Levison discussed the SCLC meeting to be held in Atlanta on June 13. Levison stated that the meeting was going to be concerned with finances and would be based on a memo he sent King several weeks ago in which it was stated that only about half the income that was anticipated will come in. He added that they would be using the entire year's budget in the first six months and will have an impossible crisis. Levison said he pointed out that while "they" keep talking about a reserve, it is not a reserve, because \$100,000, which amounts to one month's budget, cannot be called a reserve since it does not permit the solving of any problems.

Levison said that they must discuss what kind of fundraising programs are now necessary and that he was going to propose that King has to resume "the old rallies in the cities.

Jones brought up the matter of "church rallies" and said that George Lawrence (New York representative of the SCLC) has become active again. He said that there was to be a big leaflet distribution dealing with James Meredith and Mississippi on Sunday, June 12, to all the churches and that it was being done by Lawrence and other ministers. Jones and Levison agreed that the only time Lawrence is heard from is when something newsworthy occurs and he can get his name in the press. They agreed to use him, however, if Lawrence could in any way be a force with the churches. Levison said that Lawrence usually is mostly talk.



Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi In Support of James Meredith Racial Matters

The discussion changed to the matter of the march to Jackson, Mississippi, with Levison stating that he had been told that "they" planned 16 days for the march which would get to Jackson on the 22nd or 23rd of June, where there would be a large rally similar to the one held in Montgomery, Alabama. Levison said he has considered joining the march the last couple of days and Jones indicated he would like to do the same. They agreed that something should be done about getting delegations to join the march.

Levison stated the biggest attention will be given to what takes place in Jackson and that he is fearful that the march will dwindle to a handful if it continues for too long. He said this could not be allowed to happen and agreed with Jones that the emphasis should be on getting people to join. He added that a manimum number of people could be gotten only for the day in Jackson because of a lack of facilities to take care of a large number on a day or two of marching.

Levison told Jones that the SCLC was requesting that people be sent, noting that Dora (Mc Donald , Secretary to Martin Luther King) advised him that the United Steel Workers inquired if people and money were needed. He noted also that the United Automobile Workers Union had offered help.

Jones felt that a person such as Hellstein (Phonetic) (Ralph Hellstein, of the Packinghouse Workers Union) should be given some responsibility. Levison agreed that a Hellstein could lead a delegation of important trade unionists, that a Hellstein could do such things as put up the money to charter a plane from Chicago.



Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security -C

March on Jackson, Mississippi In Support of James Meredith Racial Matters

Levison and Jones agreed that they should do some thinking about that they should recommend to King at the SCLC meeting on June 13, in order to make a contribution on this (the march on Jackson) and still handle the other business (the financial situation of the SCLC). They decided to get together on Sunday, June 12, to discuss these matters.

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on June 10, 1966, that on that dat Harry Wachtel arranged with Clarence Jones to take an 8.00 a.m. Delta Airlines Flight to Atlanta, Georgia, on June 13, 1966, to attend the SCLC meeting.

Ralph Hellstein



Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

b(V)





Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)

Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi In Support of James Meredith Racial Matters



The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Stanley Levison



Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Enecutive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York, New York.

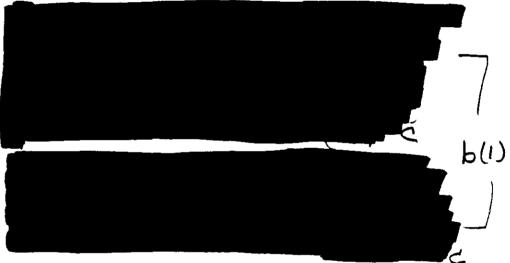


Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi In Support of James Meredith Racial Matters



A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.



With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, it is to be poted that this organization is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr., is the president and serves to raise funds for the SCLC.



Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi In Support of James Meredith Racial Matters

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APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1951, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a communist front.
 (Special Committee on Un-American
 Activities, House Report 1311 on the
 CIO Political Action Committee,
 March 29, 1944, p. 149).
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'

 (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself.

 Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'

 (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

7



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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Information p	ertained only to a	third party with	no reference to you o	or the subject of your request.
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BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C, D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION MULBER 76-1186

Unrecorded serial dated 6/3/66 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 2500 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

NAFBI WASH DC

COMMUNICATIONS 7 SECTION

FBI MEMPHIS

835PM (ST LRGERT 6/12/66 GHC

TO DIRECTOR

FROM NEWPHIS (157-147) 1P

MARCH TO JACKSON, MISS., IN SUPPORT OF JAMES H. MEREDITH, RM

SUMMARY IELETYPE.

RE METEL TO DIRECTOR, ATLANTA AND JACKSON

ADVISED MARTIN LUTHER

KING AND PARTY SPENT LAST WIGHT AT LORAINE HOTEL, MEMPHIS. DEPARTED

FOR MARCH IN MISSISSIPPI AT NINE FIFTEEN A.M. WITHOUT INCIDENT.

PROTECTION AFFORDED KING WHILE IN MEMPHIS BY MEMPHIS PD.

STATED KING TOCK PART IN MARCH TODAY AND THEM ATTENDED FUNERAL

FOR MAN WHO DROPPED DEAD IN MARCH PREVIOUSLY. KING RETURNED TO

MEMPHIS THIS AFTERNOON, BUT DEPARTED IMMEDIATELY AT FIVE TWENTY-

FIVE P.M. FOR ATLANTA BY DELTA AIRLINES.

STATED KING WILL

RETURN TO MEMPHIS JUNE ONE FOUR, NEXT, AND WILL TAKE PART IN

MISS. MARCH ON JUNE ONE FOUR AND ONE FIVE, NEXT. KING WILL GO TO

CHICAGO ON AFTERNOON OF JUNE FIFTEEN MEXT.

LOCAL RALLY AT PENTECOSTAL CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST,

HELD THIS AFTERWOON FROM FOUR THIRTY TO SIX FI

END

了一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,一个

WA .. ELR

69 JUN 24 1960



Date: 6/9/66

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то	:	DIRECTOR, FBI		1-1 4-81
FROM	:	SAC, NEW YORK	(100-153735) (157-)	CLASSIFIED AND SPULIFIED OF LOS LESS FOR LOS LESS FOR LOS
SUBJEC	T:	CIRM IS-C (OO: NY)		CLASSIFIED ANDS P. L. J.
		MARCH ON JACK IN SUPPORT OF	SON, MISS. JAMES MEREDITA	DECL

Re NY teletypes of 6/8/66 and 6/9/66, reporting information from STANLEY LEVISON concerning march.

Enclosed are eleven copies of a letterhead memorandum reporting information contained in re teletypes. Two copies are enclosed for the information of Memphis and Jackson Offices; two copies are also enclosed for the Atlanta office since it is origin in the MARTIN LUTHER KING case.

CARBON COPForth in letterhead memorandum.

RACIAL MATTERS

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5-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 11) (RM)
      (1-157-
      (1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
    2-Atlanta (100-6670) (Encl. 2)
    2-Jackson (100-
                         (Encl. 2)
                                    (RM)
    2-Memphis (100-
                         (Encl. 2)
    1-New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
   1-New York (100-136585)
                            (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
    1-New York (100-149194)
                            (COMINFIL SCLC) (41)
    1-New York (157-
                            (MARCH ON JACKSON, MISS., IN SUPPORT
                             OF JAMES MEREDITH)
   1-New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)
IN 244966v
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CONFIDENTIAL

NY 100-153735 157-



This letterhead memorandum is classified "Secret" because it contains information from a source which furnishes information of a very sensitive nature about racial matters in the USA and the Communist influence thereof.

-2-





In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BURE U OF INVESTIGATION
S) RET

Bu 100-442529 157New York, New York June 9, 1966

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DATE UF REVISION
DECLASSIFICATION

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Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi, in Support of James Meredith Racial Matters

On June 8, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Stanley Levison (Principal advisor to Martin Luther King, President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, SCLC) was in contact with Joseph Robison (Phonetic) of the American Jewish Congress, (AJC) on that date. The contact, according to the source, concerned the Memphis, Tennessee to Jackson, Mississippi march being conducted by Martin Luther King, Jr., and other civil rights leaders in support of James Meredith.

Levison said "they" (King and other rights leaders) want all the assistance they can get in support of their march. And as planned, the march, according to Levison, will

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Exempt from GD ategory

Date of Declassification in Carton Land Land I continue to down grading and declassification

ENCLOSURE



Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Mississippi, in Support of James Meredith Racial Matters

take sixteen days to complete. He said the number of days needed to complete the march will depend on how many miles they can make each day. Therefore, the sixteen day figure, Lavison said, is subject to change.

Upon arriving in Jackson, as now planned, there will be a big rally similar to the one in Montgomery, Alabama which was held following the Selma to Montgomery march last year.

As for people who desire to go down to march, Levison instructed Robison (Phonetic) to tell them to go to the Centenary Methodist Church, Mississippi Boulevard, Memphis, Tennessee, and from there they would be provided transportation to the point of march.

As for his own plans, Levison said he would join the march prior to its completion. In addition to himself, Levison said Paul O'Dwyer (former New York City politician and brother of one time Nayor O'Dwyer of New York) would also go down to join the march.

Levison said he would attend a meeting of the SCLC which is scheduled for Monday, June 13, 1966, in Atlanta, Georgia, unless the meeting is cancelled due to King's participation in the march.

Later in the day, the same source furnished information which indicated that Stanley Levison was contacted by Bill Stein (fund raiser of the SCLC). Stein

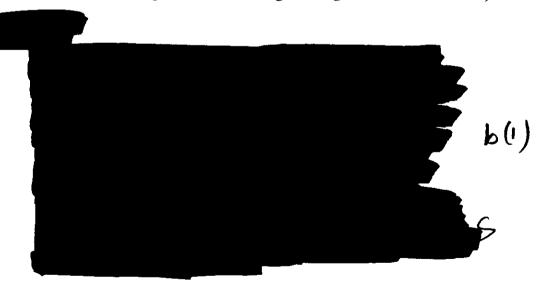


Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

March on Jackson, Hississippi, in Support of James Heredith Racial Matters

related that he was trying to get financial aid for the march. In addition, according to Stein, he is trying to enlist people to go down to join the march.

Stein said Wyatt Walker, (former Executive Director of the SCLC) told him that he had cancelled two plane loads of people who had planned to depart for the Mississippi march. The reason given by Walker for the cancellation was that he had learned that the "Deacons" (Deacons for Defense) were involved in the march, and that as a result, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) and the Congress of Racial Equality, (CORE) had pulled out of the march. Walker, Stein said, was trying to reach Martin Luther King to persuade him to pull out. Stein said King was not opposed to working with the Deacons, since he (King) saw nothing wrong with them.



BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C, D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

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SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

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BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

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BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1135

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.)
CIVIL ACTION HUMBER 76-1186

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FBI WASH DC

FBI CHARL

1100 M EST URGENT 6-10-66 BSH

TO DIRECTOR, ATLANTA, CHICAGO, JACKSON, AND MEMPHIS

FROM CHARLOTTE (157-3134)

THREAT TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING BY JAMES WILLIAM "CATFISH" COLE, KINSTON, NC, JUNE TEN, NINETEEN SIXTYSIX, RACIAL MATTERS.

ASSOCIATED PRESS (AP) REPRESENTATIVE, CHARLOTTE, NC, ADVISED TODAY THAT AP REPRESENTATIVE, KINSTON, NC, HAD REPORTED ALLEGED THREAT MADE BY COLE AGAINST MARTIN LUTHER KING.

FREE LANCE-INQUIRY TODAY REFLECTS REPORTER, KINSTON, NC, RECEIVED CALL FROM COLE JUNE 181 NE, 16 1956 LAST, AND MET WITH COLE AT COLE'S REQUEST AT APPROXIMATELY TWELVE TEN AM TODAY.

ADVISES THAT WHEN HE MET COLE AT KINSTON, NC. COLE HAD PREPARED A WRITTEN STATEMENT WHICH 100670 Not becoked VER BATIM AS FOLLOWS: MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

56 JUN 21 1966

CE 157-3134

PAGE TWO

"I'M GOING TO MISSISSIPPI FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING
SURE MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. NEVER REACHES HIS DESTINATION.

I'VE SEEN TOO MANY PEOPLE BUNGLE THE JOB OF KILLING KING,

I'M NOT GOING TO BUNGLE IT. I'LL KILL HIM MYSELF IF NO ONE

BEATS ME TO IT. I'VE SEEN THAT NEGRO RUNNING UP AND DOWN

THIS COUNTRY RUINING OUR WAY OF LIFE TOO LONG. I CAN AND

WILL PUT A STOP TO THAT NEGRO. YES, I WILL DIE HAPPY,

KNOWING THAT I HAVE PUT A STOP TO THAT NIGGER. I HOPE I

CAN GET SEVERAL OF THEM, BUT I KNOW I'LL GET KING. I WILL

LEAVE KINSTON THIS WEEKEND. I WILL GO ALONE. I DON'T NEED

ANY HELP FOR THIS LITTLE JOB. THE TRIP IS FINANCED BY FRIENDS

AND SUPPORTERS OF JAMES W. "CATFISH" COLE."

ORIGINAL STATEMENT PREPARED BY COLE NOT OBTAINED BY

COLE AND VEHICLE NOT AT COLE'S USUAL PLACE OF BUSINESS WHEN CHECKED THIS AM. EFFORTS CONTINUING TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW COLE.

END PAGE TWO

CE 157-3134

PAGE THREE

APPROPRIATE INFORMANTS AND SOURCES BEING CONTACTED TO VERIFY COLE'S PLANS.

APPROPRIATE LOCAL AND STATE AUTHORITIES, MILITARY INTELLIGENCE AND SECRET SERVICE ADVISED.

FOR INFORMATION OF OTHER OFFICES, JAMES W. "CATFISH"

COLE IS GRAND WIZARD OF NORTH CAROLINA KNIGHTS OF THE KU

KLUX KLAN. BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED OF ALL DEVELOPMENTS.

ATLANTA, IF POSSIBLE, FURNISH KING'S ITINERARY TO JACKSON

AND MEMPHIS.

LHM FOLLOWS.

OTHER OFFICES TO BE ADVISED.

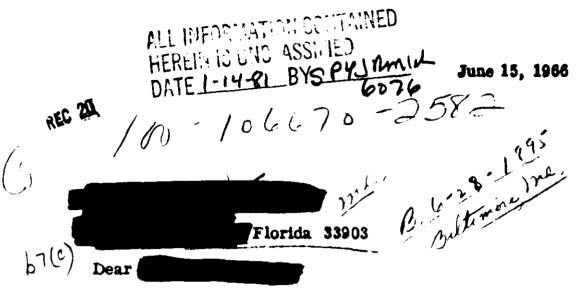
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WA GJG

FBI WASH DC

X

OC. MR. SULLIVAN



I received your letter of June 9th, with enclosures. and want to thank you for your interest in writing.

With respect to your inquiries, information contained in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. I trust you will understand the necessary reasons for this policy and why I cannot furnish you the data you desire.

You may wish to know that Mrs. Julia Brown furnished information on subversive activities to the FBI on a confidential basis from 1951 to 1960. Although she was not an employee of this Bureau. she was compensated for her services. In keeping with my long-standing policy, I cannot comment further concerning Mrs. Brown.

MAILED 27 JUN 1 5 1966 COMM-FBI

Fraternally.

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - Tampa - Enclosure

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. Dr. Robert A. Peterson, Jr., according to Bufiles, subscribed to the telephone number through which the "Let Freedom Ring" message could be heard in North Fort Myers, Florida. He is described as a member of the John Birch Society and reportedly on the Executive Council of the Lee County Voters Association which was formed to maintain segregation in Lee County and Fort Myers, Florida. Above address per telephone directory.

DFC:asf (4)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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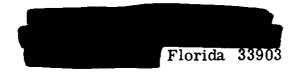
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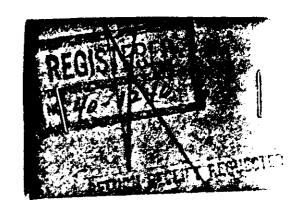
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Gandy

DeLoach .

TRUE COPY





June 9, 1966

J. Edgar Hoover. Fed. Bureau Investigation.. Washington, D. C.

Dear Noble,

ALL INFORMATION CALITAINED
HEREIN IS COLLASSITIED
DATE 1-14-81 BY SPY JOHN.

I am in need of the confirmation of certain facts. I am therefor encloseing copies of press releases and a church circular.

Fla. I have been recording statements over the telephone listed as Wyandotte 5-5421, Ft. Myers Fla. The first one was of a Georgia Brown, a former FBI undercover agent who worked for nine years inside the communist party. and she states that Martin Luther King told her he was invited to attend a communist school in Mountainville Tenn. she states, only communist are invited to attend this school. My own people will suffer most if they continue to follow the leadership of Martin Luther King. Another statement titled, "The Night Mare," and another, "The State Dept. Scandel." I also refer you to a statement by Mr. Waggoner in the Congressional Record of March 2, 1966 page 4388-89, "King threatens the congress. As you will see M. L. King is working his way into the Presbyterian Church U.S. and several of the congregations are inteligent enough to realize the danger.

Let me know by return mail if this man is listed as a communist by your agency.

The person authorizing these telephone releases is a Dr. Peterson residing on Pondella rd. in N. Ft. Myers, Fla. is he on

- 115/ensel

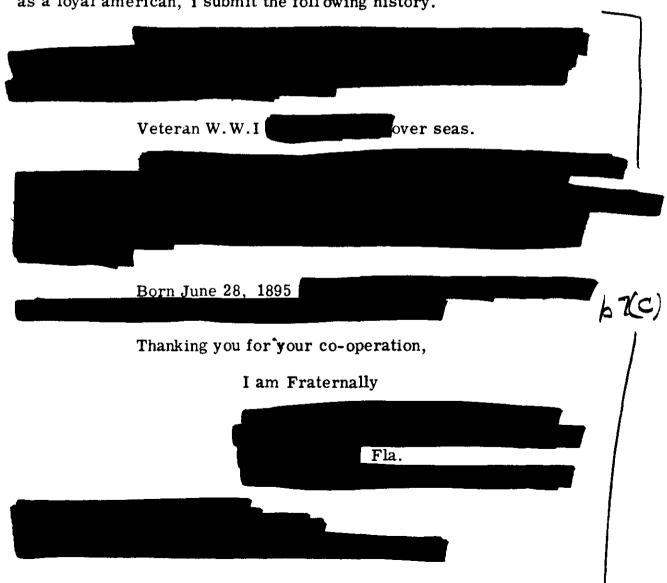
W. W. and

your records and is he for or against the U.S. Gov.?

If Martin L. King is a recognized communist, as an elder in my church i will do something to prevent him speaking before these congregations.

These telephone releases are changed about once a week, and if you so desire, i will be glad to send the tape recordings for your personal review, and request that you return all the publications and tape recording for my records.

So that you will have no trouble assertaining my position as a loyal american, i submit the following history.



June 9, 1966 I Lagar Hoover, ed Bureau Investigation. Washington, D. C. Dear Noble, I am in need of the confirmation of certain facts, lum Therefor enclosing copies of press releases and a church circular. as an ordanied Fla. I have been recordin Flutements over the telephone listed as Wyandotte 5 5431, Ft. Mjers Fla Thefirstone word of a storgia Brown a former FRI undercoverage - who worked for nine years inside The communist party and the states ing Nova interner hing toldher newas invited to offered a communist school in Mountainvitte lenn. The states, only communist are invited suffer most if they continue to follow the leadership of Martin Luther King. another statement Titled, The Night Mare, and another, The Tale Dept. Signifel. REC'2000 refer you to a statement by Mr. Waggoner in the Congressional Record of March 2. 1966 page 4385 sq King threatens the conquesting As you will so Jun 13 1966

*

his way into the Presbyterian Church U.S. and several of the congregations are inteligent enough to realize the danger.

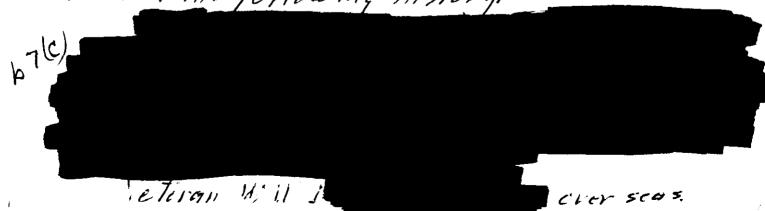
Let me know by return mail if this man is listed as a communist by your agency.

The person authorizing these telephone releases in a An Peterson residing an Pondella rd in N. Fl Myers, Fla. 15 he on your records and is he for or against the U.S. Cov. ?

If Martin I King is a recognised communist, as an elder in my church i will do something to prevent him speaking before these congregations.

These Telephore releases are signared which once a week, and if you so desire will be glad to send The tape recordings for your personal review, and request that you return all the publications and Tape recording for my records.

So that you will have no trouble asser taining my position as a loyal american, i submit the following history.



Bern June 28, 1895 Thanking you for your ecoperation, Jan Traternally

_	•		Date: 6	-8 -66	1	
	t the following in		(Type in plaintext or co	ode)	1	
Via			(Priority) 		
	T O:	DIRECTOR, FBI	(100-106670 (157-))		/
P. F.	FROM:	SAC, CHICAGO	(100~35356) (157~1152)		Single S.	7
	SUBJECT:	MARTIN LUTHER SM-C	KING, JR.			1
		PLANNED CIVIL SOLDIERS FIELD CHICAGO, ILLIN TO BE LED BY M 6/26/66 RM	TO CITY HALI	L	Hotel 2	Ł
	RIGHTS MAR ILLINOIS, and Chicag	Re Chicago air 7/66 to the Bure CH FROM SOLDIER TO BE LED BY MA to airtel and le THER KING, JR.,	au captioned, S FIELD TO C RTIN LUTHER I tterhead memo	"PLANNED ITY HALL, C (ING, JR., orandum und	CIVIL HICAGO, 6/2/66, RM."	K
		Enclosed for t f a self-explan captined matte	atory letter!	elo pnd fo lead memora	r Atlanta ndum	
	displayed media and	No disseminati ade locally as in headlinc he such disseminat	informat mored form	ion is pro n Chicago'	minently S local press	5
	3 - Atlant	(Enc. 10) 00-438794) (Com a (Enc. 3) 00-5718) (Com	infil SCLC)	E 100-1	04670-2	58
25 AN 1	(1 - 1)	05-16238) (Com 13) AGENCY: ACS	infil SCLC) SI. ONI, OSI;SEC. PT: ISD, CRD, B	SERA 16 JUN	10 1966	
CAPI	proved:	N ll	Sent	Mareen	i innirirn	

RELEASE COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN /

CG 100-35356 157-1152

For the information of Atlanta, the referenced airtel and letterhead memorandum of May 27, 1966, contained similar information concerning the 6/26/66 rally in Chicago to that set forth in 6/1/66 letterhead memorandum, a copy of which was designated for Atlanta.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois
June &, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

PLANNED CIVIL RIGHTS MARCH FROM SOLDIERS FIELD TO CITYHALL CHICAGO, ILLINOIS TO BE LED BY MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. JUNE 26, 1966 RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum of May 27, 1966, captioned, "Planned Civil Rights March From Soldiers Field to City Hall, Chicago, Illinois, To Be Led By Martin Luther King, Jr., June 26, 1966, Racial Matter."

The "Chicago Daily News," a daily Chicago newspaper, edition of June 8, 1966, contained a headlined article entitled, "King Plans Sweeping 'Open City' Demands." This article pertained to demands which would be made by Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christain Leadership Conference (SCLC), during the course of the civil rights rally and march to be held in Chicago on June 26, 1966, to be led by Dr. King.

In summary, this article contained the following information:

A draft outline of the proposals to be made by King ranged from school desegregation in Chicago, to a call for a city income tax, to a demand for better rapid transit service. A document entitled, "Chicago Freedom Movement Demands

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SIZORCEJEMM 4-14-19

ENCLOSURE

1 st rate and

For Creating an Open City," was distributed on Tuesday, June 7, 1966, at a meeting of civil rights workers in Chicago who are organizaing the June 26th rally. According to this newspaper article, this document draws together for the first time all of the civil rights and welfare demands Dr. King has been saying he will make as a result of the Chicago Freedom Movement which the SCLC initiated in Chicago in the fall of 1965.

The newspaper article pointed out that if the demands made by King are met this would virtually upend the city's concept of how and to whom it provides public services and facilities. The demands are broken into five broad categories, at the city, state, and federal level, inclusive of jobs and income, housing, education, public welfare, and health.

At the local level, according to this article, the draft outline of King's demands would request that the Chicago authorities do the following:

- 1. Integrate all school faculties and high school student populations by the fall of 1966, to be followed by the integration of the entire school system by September, 1967.
- 2. Expand Rapid Transit facilities to the areas of O'Hare Airport and Chicago's northwest side to provide access for Negroes to jobs and housing in that area.
- 3. Be given permission by the state to levy a personal income tax.

On the federal level, King's demands include that for a guaranteed annual wage, a \$2.00 per hour minimum wage, open occupancy laws, more aid to education, and expanded health services.

The article continued that King desired the state to finance a network of homes for children with severe learning problems and to require the teaching of the history of Negroes in America as part of regular history courses. In the area of jobs and income, King desired that city authorities do the following:

- 1. Conduct a public racial headcount in all its agencies and give "special attention" to promoting qualified Negroes to higher paying positions.
- 2. State publicly the racial headcount in "all agencies from which the city purchases anything" and from their contractors, and demand fair employment practices in all companies providing goods and services to the city.
- 3. Remove city funds from banks that refuse to grant mortgage loans to Negroes.

In housing, King would request the following of local authorities:

- 1. Disperse Negroes throughout the city and "spensor" ten "new towns," each with a population of 100,000 and a 30 percent Negro residency.
- 2. Protect tenants who refuse to pay rents when 'certain basic services are not provided.
- 3. Allocate police, fire, garbage collection, schools, and other services according to density of population.
- 4. Build 10,000 low rent public housing units a year, scattered throughout the city, and adopt New York City's program of making emergency repairs in slum buildings and using rents from landlords to pay for them.

In the field of education, King would demand the following actions:

- 1. Immediate publication of achievement scores of all schools.
 - 2. Doubling the school budget.

3. Have Negro representatives on the Board of Education in proportion to the school population. (Now slightly more than 50 percent).

The article continued concerning this document, that King is requesting various welfare agencies to put an end to their night investigations, to substitute affidavits for the meanstest and allow welfare recipients to be represented by welfare unions.

Also being called for is an expansion of pre-natal and child health services and hospital out-patient facilities.

This article concluded, quoting this document, that the rally on June 26, 1966, and subsequent march on city hall, is designed to "convince people that mere concessions are not enough. You do not dole out freedom on a teaspoon."

RE:

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION HUBBER 76-1186

Serial 25% pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

FEDERAL DIRECTION OF INSCORPER ELL DIV COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FBI CHICAGO

URGENT 6-9-66 1128 PM CDST HRF TO DIRECTOR (100-106670) AND ATLANTA (100-5586) JACKSON AND MEMPHIS.

FROM CHICAGO (100-35356)

MARTIN LUTHER KING. JR. SM- C

Mr. Tolson. Mr. Del. ach ... Mr Mohr Mr. Wick. Mr. Laper Mr. Camahan Mr. Conrad Mr. Rosen Mr. Sul, van Mr. Tavel . Mr. Trotter. Tele. Room... M...s Holmes_ Miss Gandy_

SOURCE ADVISED TODAY KING ARRIVE D CHICAGO TEN TWELVE PM TODAY ABOARD DELTA FLT. SEVEN SIX TWO FROM MEMPHIS.

KING MET BY ALBERT RABY, CONVENER, COORDINATING COUNCIL OF COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS AND LEFT O'HARE AIRPORT IN AUTO.

NO INFORMATION AVAILABLE RE KING'S ITINERARY IN CHICAGO THIS TIME. CHICAGO FOLLOWING. LHM FOLLOWS.

CORR PLS LN TWO DELETE SPACE BETWEEN E AND D IN WD FIVE SI-120

ENDWA...

WA...JR

FBI WASH DC

AT...JDW

FBI ATLANTA

JN...AWS

FBI JKN MISS

TUALX

00-106670-

JUN 15 1966

FEDERAL PURCH OF INVESTIGATION U.S. DEFAMING U.S. DEFAMIN

FBI CHICAGO

TELETYPE

2800 PM CBST URGENT 6-12-66 HRF

TO DIRECTOR (100-106670) AND ATLANTA (100-5586) MEMPHIS AND JACKSON

FROM CHICAGO (100-35356)

OF 1-14-K)

MARTIN LUTHER XING, JR. SM- C; PLANNED CIVIL RIGHTS MARCH FROM SOLDIERSE
TO CITY HALL CHICAGO, ILL. TO BE LED BY MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SIX TWENTYSIX SIXTYSIX RM.

b7(P)

ADVISED KING BEPARTED CHICAGO THREE PM THIS BATE APPARENTLY FOR ATLANTA, GA.

KING ANNOUNCED JUNE ELEVEN LAST CIVIL RIGHTS RALLY SCHEDULED FOR SOLDIERS FIELD SIX TWENTY SIX NEXT POSTPONED TO JULY TEN NEXT BECAUSE OF QUOTE NATIONAL EMERGENCY END QUOTE IN MISSISSIPPI.

CHICAGO NEWS MEDIA REFLECTS QUOTE-FIRST ANUAL GANGS CONVENTION

END QUOTE HELD JUNE ELEVEN LAST AT CHICAGO HOTEL WITH APPROXIMATELY

FIFTY LEADERS OF CHICAGO'S STREET GANGS PRESENT. KING CALLED UPON GANG

LEADERS TO QUOTE ORGANIZE TOGETHER END QUOTE WITH HIS CIVIL RIGHTS

GROUP TO FIGHT POVERTY, SLUMS AND QUOTE THE POWER STRUCTURE THAT MAKES

THEM POSSIBLE END QUOTE, MEETING CHAIRED BY REVERNED A.R. SAMPSON

WHO IS DESCRIBED AS IN CHARGE OF SCLC'S ATTEMPT TO INVOLVE GANG MEMBERS

IN CIVIL RIGHTS ACTIVITIES THIS SUMMER, MILITARY, SECRET SERVICE AND

LEA ADVISED. LHM FOLLOWS.

CLASS. & EXT. BY 9603 ROOF

CLASS. & EXT. BY 9603 ROOF

CLASS. & EXT. BY 9603 ROOF

REASON-PCIM II, 1-2.4.2

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WA... I NEED CORRECTION FOR LAST OF LINE ONE AND ALSO LINE NINE ZASVE

SEVENTH WORD

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NOW LINE MINE

ANNUAL

OK TU ELR

FBI WASH DC

AL.....AT.....RBB

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TU CLR



U.S. LETAKT MENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 1 0 1966

TELETYPE

FBI CHICAGO

HRF 6-10-66 URGENT

Mr. Tavd TO DIRECTOR (100-106670) ATLANTA (100-5586) AND JACKSON AND MEMPHIS 641 PM CDST Miss Hillin S Miss Gandy

FROM CHICAGO (100-35356)

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR, SM- C

RE CHICAGO TEL JUNE NINE LAST.

ADVISE AS FOLLOWS RE KING'S ANTICIPATED ITINERARY

JUNE TEN INSTANT PARTICIPATE IN RALLY, RAISE FUNDS TO SEND BUSES

TO MISSISSIPPI.

JUNE ELEVEN NEXT PARTICIPATE IN SCLC SPONSORED WORKSHOP, CHICAGO SHERATON HOTEL INVOLVING VARIOUS NEGRO YOUTH GANGS AND ATTEND P1(D)

LUNCHEON LA SALLE HOTEL WITH WALTER RUETHER, UAW PRESIDENT.

EX-112

ANTICIPATES KING WILL DEPART CHICAGO EVENING JUNE ELEV

NEXT TO TAKE PART IN MISSISSIPPI MARCH. CHICAGO FOLLOWING. LHM FOLLOWS

END.

WA...RCS

FBI WASH DC

AT...ARM

FBI ATLANTA

JN...CWB

FBI JKN MISS

ME. . . GHC

T1 JUN 15 1966

Mr. De

Mr. Sul. van

4-750 (2-7-79)



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

7	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
	Deleted under exemption(s) 67(c) 67(d) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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Airtel

ALL I WOE PATION CONTRAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-14-81 BY SPYJAMIL 1 - Mr. SIMPSON

6076

To:

BACs San Francisco St. Louis Atlanta (100-5586)

From:

Director, FBI (100-106670) -2575

MARTIN LUTHER RING, JR. CAGOS. 1 8M - C

ReATairtel and letterhead memorandum dated 6/10/66, indicating that the office of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference had been contacted by a representative of the National Emergency Committee of Persons Concerned About Vietnam, and that the contact was sanctioned by Mr. Lynd Madison of St. Louis.

Bufiles contain no identifiable information relative to the above committee or Lynd Madison. Also, the Bureau has received no information relative to the document being prepared by professors at Berkeley, California, which will be forwarded to President Johnson by the above committee.

The Ban Francisco office should immediately advise the Bureau of all information in its possession relative to the activities of the professors at Berkeley in the preparation of the above paper relative to Vietnam, and apecifically, the identity of organizations and individuals behind it.

The St. Louis office should immediately furnish identifying information to the Bureau and the Atlanta and San Francisco offices relative to Lynd Madison. This check should be limited to identifying data and check of office files.

The Atlanta office should remain alert for any additional contacts by representatives of the above committee, and furnish the Bureau all pertinent information relative to such contacts, and whether King definitely decides to support the activities of the committee.

All pertinent information should be promptly submitted to the Bureau in a form suitable for dissemination.

JUN 21 1966

JUN 13 1966

Toison -Deboach L

Wick

Airtel to SAC, San Francisco RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. 100-106670

NOTE:

Information received that several professors at Berkeley are preparing a paper dealing with Vietnam to be forwarded to President Johnson. The National Emergency Committee of Persons Concerned About Vietnam is attempting to obtain members of the clergy, including King, to write letters which will encourage the President to study the paper.

Above information included in White House summary 6/14/66 and has been disseminated to Civil Rights Division, and Internal Security Division of the Department, to the Department of State, and to military agencies.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION JUN ? 1966

TELETYPE

FBI CHICAGO

6-7-66 AAA URGENT 918PM CDSI

(100-106670) (157- NEW): /TO: DIRECTOR

MEMPHIS (100-(KING) (44-1723): JACKSON

(157- NEW) (100 -(KING)

(100-35356)(157 - 1180)FROM: CHICAGO

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM - C; AUBERY JAMES NORVELL; JAMES HOWARD MEREDITH - VICTIM, CR - EL; CRA, NINETEEN SIXTYFIVE.

REMYTEL INSTANT.

CHICAGO DAILY NES RED STREAK EDITION INSTANT DATE, CARRIED RTICLE ANNOUNCING CHICAGO CIVIL RIGHTS GROUPS HAD DECLARED INTENTION SEND BUSLOADS OF MARCHERS TO MISSISSIPPI PROTESTING SHOOTING OF MEREDITH JUNE SIX LAST. PLANS ANTICIPATE "HUNDREDS" OF RIGHTS DEMONSTRATORS TO JOIN MARCH LED BY MARTIN LUTHER KING TO JACKSON. UNFOR TO END SLUMS MISSISSIPPI. NO DATE AVAILABLE. AFFILIATE SCHEDULED MEETING JUNE TEN NEXT EIGHT PM AT CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, THREE ONE ZERO ONE WEST WARREN, CHICAGO SCLC READQUATERS, TO RAISE FUNDS TO SEND BUSLOADS OF MARCHERS TO MISSISSIPPS

CHICAGO SOURCE, RELIABLE, ADVISED TODAY SMALL NUMBER OF CIVIL RIGHTS WORKERS ALLEGEDLY DEPARTED CHICAGO THIS DATE BY A BUS 56 JUN 22 1966

Mr. Tolson Mr. DeLeach

Mr. M. br. Mr. Wick. Mr. Casper Mr. Callahar

Mr. Conrad Mr. Felt.

Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel ... Mr. Trotter Tele. Room. Miss Holmes

Miss Gandy

PAGE TWO CG 100-35356

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CG 157-1180

PRIVATE AUTOMOBILE EN ROUTE TO MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, IDENTITIES UNKNOWN TO SOURCE.

SOURCE DECLARED PLANS TENTATIVELY SET TO SEND THREE BUSLOADS OF DEMONSTRATORS TO MEMPHIS AREA, FRIDAY, JUNE TEN NEXT. FURTHER INFORMATION UNAVAILABLE AT THIS TIME. SOURCE WILL ATTEMPT TO ASCERTAIN ADDITIONAL SPECIFICS. SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY AND PD ALL CHICAGO ADVISED, LHM FOLLOWS.

END

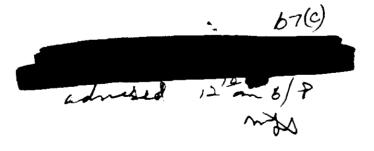
WA...JXM

FBI WASH DC

AT...TEK

FBI ATLANTA

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RE:

DERMARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1135

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (M.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial Doll pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

. FBI CHICAGO

454 PM CD (CENT 454-7-66 AAA

TO: DIRECTOR (100-16-670) (157-NEW) ATLANTA (100-5586) (157-NEW) NEW); JACKSON (100-KING) (44-1723); MEMPHIS (100-KING)

(157-NEW) 5 511 PHOPE MALLIMENT OF JUSTICE

FROM; CHICAGO (100-35356)

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
JUN 7 1966

TELETYPE

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM-C; AUBERY JAMES NORVELL; JAMES HOWARD MEREDITH - VICTIM, CR-EL; CRA, NINETEEN SIXTYFIVE.

RE CHICAGO TEL TO DIRECTOR, ST. LOUIS, JACKSON, AND MEMPHIS, CAPTIONED, "SHOOTING OF JAMES MEREDITH, RM", DATED JUNE SEVEN INSTANT.

LUTHER KING, JR., ARRIVED CHICAGO A.M. THIS DATE. SUBSEQUENTLY
DEPARTED BY AIR EN ROUTE TO MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, TO MEET WITH JAMES
MEREDITH. KING SCHEDULED TO RETURN, CHICAGO, JUNE EIGHT NEXT.

FURTHER ADVISED FRANK DITTO, N/M, APPROXIMATELY THIRTYFIVE, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, OAKLAND COMMITTEE FOR COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT, CHICAGO CIVIL RIGHTS GROUP, DEPARTED CHICAGO THIS DATE EN ROUTE TO MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE. DITTO, CIVIL RIGHTS ACTIVIST PARTICIPATED IN LAST SUMMER'S DEMONSTRATIONS AT CHICAGO SEEKING REMOVAL OF SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT BENJAMIN WILLIS.

NO KNOWN PLANS FOR EITHER TO PARTICIPATE IN ANY MEMPHIS DEMON-STRATION AT THIS TIME.

END

WA. . . RCS

FBI WASH D

100-106670

3 JUN 9 1966

JEC 31

AT...JFE
FBI ATLANTA

ITA CC-Mr. Rosen 18

JN...GJM 56JUI. 13 1966

FBI JKN MISS

UNILASSIEIT SIER RESIEM JETY-79

Mr. DeLoad Mr. Mohr

Mr. Callaban

Mr. Conrad Mr. Felt.....

Mr. Sullivan Mr. Tavel

Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen

RECORDED COPY FILE

ME .. ACM.

FBI MEMPHIS

[TU CLRLGWA> 0

Airtel

1 - Mr. Simpson

To:

SACs, Chicago

Atlanta

From:

Director, 79

110-50-251

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

BM-C

ReATteletype 6/6/66 indicating that Martin Luther King advised Mrs. Dorothy F. Cotton, Associate Director, Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) that he would go to Chicago on 6/7/66, and wanted all of the staff of the SCLC to go to Chicago as soon as possible.

Chicago and Atlanta are instructed to follow this matter very carefully to determine the purpose of King's request that the entire staff of his organization go to Chicago. It is possible that he is sending the staff to Chicago to assist in preparations for a rally currently scheduled for 6/26/66, at Soldiers Field in Chicago. This matter must be closely followed, and all pertinent information promptly submitted to the Bureau in a form suitable for dissemination.

RDS:rth (6)

JUN 8 1966

WINDLASSITUDIO 13-19
5180 ECE | From 11-13-79

Tolson DeLoach Mohr

Mick Casper Callahan Contad Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Troiter Mail Room Telet Rose Mail Room Telet Telet Rose Gandy Mail Room Teletype Unit

WALL



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	For your information:
F	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX RE:

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KULLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 2570 philod from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

RE:

DERMAND S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KULLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION HUMBER 76-1186

Serial DGG pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

4-7-11-12-7-741



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

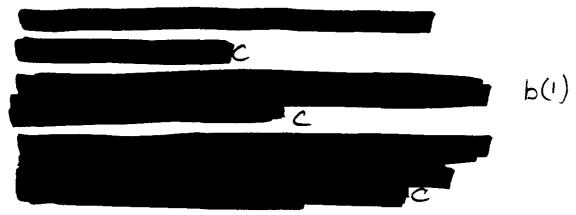
2	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.							
P	Deleted under exemption(s) & 7(D) with no segregable material available for release to you.							
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request,							
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.							
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies)							
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies);							
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):							
	For your information:							
.	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:							

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX

		(Type in plaintext or code)
ı	AIRTRL	MINITER
-		(Priority)
1		
	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI
	FROM:	SAC, CHICAGO (97-373)(P)
	SUBJECT:	"CHANGED"
		"CHANGED" THICH NHAT HANH 11-13-77
		IS - SOUTH VIET NAM SI TO RUBITION
1		RA - SOUTH VIET NAM (OO: Newark) L 3-8
		(OO: Newark) (.3-8)
	- 1	Title is "changed" to show correct spelling of the
1	news media	first name as THICH, as furnished by him to Chicago a and sources in Chicago area. Title formerly
•	carried as	B THICK NHAT HANH.
		ReButel 6/1/66 and Chicago tel 6/2/66, Newark
1	receiving	same, and Chicago teletype 6/3/66 to all offices
	receiving	this communication.
		Enclosed for the Bureau are 9 copies and for the
1	below-desi	Ignated offices two copies each of a LHM dated and
(captioned	as above. Extra copies are being furnished to the
]	Bureau to	facilitate any additional dissemination which may
ľ	oe deemed	necessary.
	of subject	Copies of the LHM are furnished for Albany in view
1	that he wa	s's statement on Chicago radio program to effect is invited to lecture on Buddhist renaissance at
Č	Cornell Un	iversity.
		مراز المالية ا
4	1 - Bureau	(Enc. 9)(RM)
	$(1 \cancel{\cancel{/}} 10)$	00-106670 (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
2	2 - Newark	(Enc. 2)(DV)
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This LHM and accompanying evaluation memorandum are classified "confidential" since they reflect the Bureau's investigative interest in a foreign national.



Information regarding subject's appearance on the JERRY WILLIAMS Show, Chicago, 5/30/66, was obtained from a tape of this program prepared by the Chicago Division. Newspaper clippings, referred to herein, have been submitted to the Bureau.

WFO, San Francisco and Los Angeles, as instructed in re Chicago teletype 6/3/66, are requested to conduct discreet investigation of subject to determine his activities and contacts to ascertain whether he is acting as an agent for a foreign principal in the U.S. All offices should be alert to any additional information regarding travel on the part of HANH and where ascertained to be traveling within other divisions should inform those offices of Bureau's instructions for investigation.

Any leads for the Albany Division to conduct investigation at Cornell University will be left to the discretion of Newark which is office of origin in this investigation. The Albany Division should, however, be alert to the possibility of subject's presence at Ithaca, New York, and any statements which he may make which would have a bearing on the purpose of this investigation.

Chicago will be alert to statements of subject on the "At Random" Show, 6/3 - 6/4/66 as they may bear on the purpose of this investigation.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois June 3, 1966

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INTERNAL SECURITY - SOUTH VIET NAM REGISTRATION ACT - SOUTH VIET NAM

The June J, 1966, Four Star Final edition of the 'Chicago Daily Eun-Times," a Chicago, Illinois, doily newspaper, carried a photograph on page eight which was captioned, "King, Mork Seel. Bombing End." The photograph was that of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., and Buddhist monk Thich Nhat Hanh of Viet Nam, who, the caption continued, held a joint press conference at the Sheraton-Chicago Hotel where "both men called for an end to bombing in Viet Nam and for internationally supervised free elections. This caption described Hanh as the leader of the Buddhist Youth for Social Service in Viet Nam, whose visit in the United States is sponsored by the International Committee of Conscience on Viet Nam of the Fellowship of Reconciliation. King was described as a convener of this latter group.

The "Chicago Tribune," another Chicago daily newspaper, reported its coverage of this press conference in an
article captioned, "King Equates Rights Fight with Monks,"
which appeared on page three, of the June 1, 1966, Three Star
Final edition of this publication. In addition to the
comparison referred to in the title, this article reported
that Martin Luther King, Jr., had expressed sympathy for
the five Buddhists who had recently burned themselves in
protest against the Nguyen Cao Ky government in South Viet
Nam. This article reported that Thich Nhat Hahn, a Buddhist
monk touring the country under the sponsorship of the American
Friends Service Committee, appeared with King at this press

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conference. It was reported that Hahn, who said he was under a death sentence in Viet Nam for speaking out against the Ky government, was touring the United States to promote peace in Viet Nam. According to the article, Hahn had maintained that the Vietnamese people cannot get along with the Ky government is and wanted an independent country free from outside influence. Hahn said that the Vietnamese are opposed to communist "just as much as we are opposed to other countries dictating what form of government we should have." It was also reported that the monk had asserted "that the Vietnamese people, who he said are eighty per cent Buddhists, have given up all hope of elections as long as Ky is in power. He said that most Vietnamese feel that the United States is strongly backing Ky to hold off the elections."

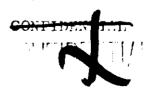
Continuing, the article said that King, who had been conferring with the Buddhist monk during the day, suggested an immediate cessation of bombing as a prelude to peace talks. He emphasized; however, that he did not think the U. S. was doing enough to establish peace negotiations. Neither Thich Nhat Hahn nor Viet Nam were mentioned in the remainder of this article regarding the press conference.

The Red Star edition of the "Chicago Daily News," another Chicago daily newspaper, on June 1, 1966, contained an article on page 14 which was captioned, "Ky Critic Fears Execution on Return, Buddhist Monk Speaks Here for Peace." This article reads as follows:

"Thich Nhat Hanh may face execution by the Nguyen Cao Ky government or assassination by the Viet Cong when he returns to South Viet Nam from Chicago this month.

"The reason, the Buddhist monk says, is that he is critical of both sides in the war while on his U.S. tour to plead for peace in Viet Nam.

"The law of Premier Ky says that any Vietnamese who speaks aloud for peace may be executed in the Saigon market place, he said in a parpared statement.



"Thich Nhat Hanh (pronounced tick-not-hahn) said the people of Viet Nam want a prime minister who is 'able to represent the real aspirations of the people.'



"On the other hand, he said in a press conference here, 'We Buddhists are very aware of the Communists...we want a non-Communist Viet Nam.'

"The conflict, he emphasized, is more of a psychological struggle than a military one.

"'We can win the war only if we win the people,' he said.

"Thich Nhat Hanh is director of the School for Social Studies at Van Hanh University in Saigon and director of Youth for Social Service, a Buddhist-directed 'peace corps' program.

"He conferred here with the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Negro civil rights leader and Nobel Peace Prize Winner.

"In a joint statement at the conclusion of their meeting in the Sheraton-Chicago Hotel, they referred to the self-immolation of Buddhists in Viet Nam.

"'We believe that the Buddhists who have sacrificed themselves like the martyrs of the civil rights movement, do not aim at the injury of the oppressors but only at changing their policies,' the statement said.

"'The enemies of those struggling for freedom and democracy are not men. They are discrimination, dictatorship, greed, hatred and violence, which lie within the hear of man. These are the real enemies of man-not man himself.'



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"Thich Nhat Hanh's 30-day visit to the United States in May and June is being sponsored by the International Committee of Conscience on Viet Nam of the Fellowship of Reconciliation, a world-wide organization of clergy and laymen working for peace in Viet Nam.

"Dr. King was one of the convenors of the committee in the United States. Thich Nhat is the only member of the committee in South Viet Nam.

"His name hitherto was not revealed by the committee because speaking out for peace in South Viet Nam is considered treason.

"Thich Nhat Hanh, in a letter last year to Dr. King, said the self immolation of Vietnamese Buddhists is not suicide nor 'even a protest.'

"He said the self-immolations were aimed only at alarming, at moving the hearts of the oppressors and at calling the attention of the world to the suffering endured by the Vietnamese.

"'In the Buddhist belief,' he added, 'life is not confined to a period of 60 or 80 or 100 years; life is eternal. To express will be burning oneself, therefore, is not to commit an act of destruction but to perform an act of construction that is to suffer and die for the sake of one's people.'

"His appearance here was sponsored by the Greater Chicago Emergency Committee of Clergy Concerned About Viet Nam and the American Friends Service Committee."

The "Chicago Maroon," a University of Chicago student weekly publication, in its last edition for the current academic year, published May 27, 1966, contained



an article on page four, which was captioned "Buddhist Monk Will Participate. Set ecumenical peace service Monday." This article reported that an ecumenical service of peace was to be held on Memorial Day, May 30, 1966, at the Rockefeller Chapel, University of Chicago campus, under the sponsorship of the Greater Chicago Emergency Committee of the Clergy Concerned about Viet Nam. The article reported that the Greater Chicago Emergency Committee is one of about one-hundred regional groups associated with the National Emergency Committee of Clergy Concerned About Viet Nam. This group, according to an April statement of its steering committee, "desires to be of assistance especially to religiously concerned Americans in developing responsible attitudes and actions regarding the conflict in Southeast Asia. We shared the anguish of all who lament the death and destruction caused by a war which lacks the marks of justice and is selfdefeating."

This article continued that the Greater Chicago Emergency Committee in accord with a policy of the national group was appealing to President Johnson and Congress to "reinstate cessation of bombing in North Viet Nam, press for a negotiated peace, including discussions with representatives of the National Liberation Front," and "resist all pressures for an escalation of the war."

The article then reported that one of the participants in this service would be a senior Buddhist monk from South Viet Nam, Thich Nhat Hanh, who would read a Buddhist prayer. Thich Nhat Hanh was said to be presently on a tour of the United States and in addition to his appearance at Rockefeller Chapel would also discuss the situation in Viet Nam at a public meeting Tuesday, May 31, 1966, at 8:15 p.m. in Breasted Hall.

The list of the participants in this service contained the names of many prominent Chicago church and church association leaders.





advised on June 2, 1966, that the appearance of Thich Mhat Hanh which was scheduled at Breasted Hall, Tuesday, May 31, 1966, had been moved to Mandel Hall, also on the University of Chicago campus, so that a larger attendance could be accommodated. advised he had received no information regarding details of this reported discussion type meeting other than having been informed that it was an orderly affair.

Thich Nhat Hanh and Professor Robert S. Browne were guests on the Jerry Williams Radio Show, Station WBBM, Chicago, during the evening of Monday, May 30, 1966. This program, which includes a telephone question period, is heard nightly from 8:00 p.m. until 11:00 p.m., Tom Clark substituted for Jerry Williams as the moderator of this show on this date.

Clark announced the topic for discussion on this program would be the "current crisis in Viet Nam." He introduced his first guest as Thich Nhat Hanh, a leading Buddhist monk in South Viet Nam, who is also director of the School for Social Studies at Saigon and a leading Vietnamese author and editor. According to Clark, Hanh had come to Chicago to participate in an ecumenical service at Rockefeller Chapel and also speak at Breasted Hall on May 31, 1966. The other guest, who was described as an associate of

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Thich Nhat Hanh, was introduced as Robert Browne, a professor at Farleigh-Dickinson University, Rutherford, New Jersey, who was formerly employed with the United States AID Mission, Economic Offices, in South Viet Nam.

At the outset of this program the moderator asked Hanh whether he was in the United States as an official representative of the Buddhists. Hanh replied, "I am not. I received a letter from Cornell University to come to lecture on the renaissance of Buddhism and I take the opportunity to bring to the American public the message of the Vietnamese peasants who suffer too much from the war and want the war to be stopped at once."

When the moderator asked whether Hanh was taking a chance by coming to the United States and speaking as he did, Hanh replied that he would have trouble when he returned to Viet Nam because Ky would not permit individuals such as himself to speak out the truth about Viet Nam. Hanh stated that individuals and groups in Viet Nam who called for peace or who called for negotiations had been, and he assumed would continue to be, suppressed by the Ky government.

Clark also asked Hanh how he felt about U. S. involvement, the U. S. forces in Viet Nam, and whether he felt that this was the answer or would Hanh rather that the U. S. forces were not there at all. Hanh advised that the Vietnamese people recognize that the United States had good intentions in Viet Nam. He stated, however, that he did not think that the way the war was being conducted over there was right. When asked to be more specific he enumerated that the United States neglected the psychological aspects of the struggle in Viet Nam, the Vietnamese have no right of self-determination to the point where the Vietnamese army is regarded only as an extension of the United States Army, the country is so full of U. S. soldiers that the Viet Cong has been able to convince the peasants that the country is



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occupied by the U. S., hence, they have increased enlistment on the side of the Viet Cong and he also believes the U. S. military men did not understand the Viet Nam culture, hence, they make mistakes every day.

Hanh also stated that the Vietnamese aspire to attain peace and reconstruction; the Vietnamese people are tired of war, so much so that the young people no longer smile. He stated further that even people in the National Liberation Front are tired and want the war to stop. Hanh stated he believed that if the United States stopped all positive attacks and bombings and remained in a position of self defense, this would be a step which would prove to the Vietnamese people that the United States is now going to secure peace for Viet Nam. Hanh was of the opinion that if the United States took this action it would have the support of South Viet Nam and would reduce the Viet Cong to a minimum.

In reply to a question as to whether the Buddhists should govern Viet Nam, Hanh said he does not think there will be a Buddhist government in that country, nor would he desire such a government. He stated that their only desire is for a government which will support nationalism, independence, and self-determination.

The opinions and statements of Professor Robert Browne during this program in substance agreed with those expressed by Hanh. Browne did comment that Hanh was not a political monk and at one point explained that Hanh did not support immediate and sudden withdrawal of U. S. troops but did feel that the continued presence of those troops and escalation of the war would only make matters worse; therefore, Hanh's recommendation is that the United States make a positive statement that it will withdraw its troops and take some positive steps in this direction.



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Clark then asked Hanh if Hanh felt the first step in Viet Nam should be a cessation of the bombing. Hanh replied that this should be the first step, to be followed by promises of withdrawal, and then actual gradual withdrawal of U. S. troops. Hanh later reiterated that continued bombing is not useful and that if the United States government wants to show it has a strong desire for peace it should stop bombing, shooting, and adopt a position of self-defense.

Much of the discussion on this program was concerned with the recent acts of self-immolation by the South Viet Nam Buddhists and with the historical background of the Buddhists in Viet Nam. Hanh and Browne left this program at approximately 9:30 p.m.







FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois June 3, 1966

Title

Thich Nhat Hanh

Character

Internal Security - South Viet Nam Registration Act - South Viet Nam

Reference

Memorandum dated and captioned

as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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RE:

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 25/7 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

RE:

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

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